12.2-x Lotto example sketch - OLD

Description

The next example is an experiment on playing Lotto with two different strategies: choosing random numbers or playing the same numbers each time.

In this simplified version of Lotto you have to guess seven different numbers in the interval from 1 to 34. You may submit one bet each week. At the end of the week the Lotto system chooses randomly seven different winner numbers, and the winning players are those that have submitted a bet with these winner numbers.

The players are represented by parallel processes, where each player for each week (if he/she is in mood for playing) submit a bet to lotto. A bet is represented by an object of class Bet:

```
class Player: MonitorProcess
  kind: ref String
  myBet: ref Bet
  if (inMoodForPlayingSameNumbers) :then
     kind := "same"
   :else
     kind := "random"
  myBet :=
      Bet(clock.now, this(Player).kind,
          sevenRandomNumbers)
  cycle -- for each week
      if (inMoodForPlaying) :then
         if (kind = "random") :then
            myBet :=
               Bet(clock.now, this(Player).kind,
                   sevenRandomNumbers)
         lotto.submitBet(myBet)
      clock.waitAweek
```

In real life the players are interested in whether they win or not, as winning comes with money. As we are only interested in what kind of strategy wins first/most, we represent the kind of players by a String with the kinds "random" and "same". When a winner is found we are only interested in the kind of the winning player. The bets are therefore represented by objects of class Bet, with the kind of player and seven numbers. Bets are only valid in the week where they are made, so a bet also has a value variable representing the time of the bet:

```
class Bet(timeIssued: var TimeOfDay,
    playerKind: var String,
    numbers: ref Array(7, Integer):
```

Each week each player decides first if to play this week and second if to play seven random numbers or not. In the experiment this is simply represented by two functions that use a random function that delivers a random value in a given interval:

```
inTheMoodForPlaying -> m: var Boolean:
    m := random(0,1) <> 0
inTheMoodForPlayingSameNumbers -> m: var Boolean:
    m := random(0,1) <> 0
```

The function ${\tt sevenRandomNumbers}$ is also based on the ${\tt random}$ function:

```
sevenRandomNumbers -> srn: ref Indexed(7, Integer):
    inx: var Integer
    srn := Array(7, Integer)
    next:
```

```
n := random(1,34)
if (srn.has(n)) :then
  restart(next)
:else
    srn.put(n):at[inx]
    inx := inx + 1
    if inx < 7 :then
    restart(next)</pre>
```

The Lotto is represented by an object lotto. This object keeps the bets being submitted, it has the winning bet, and the deadline for submitting bets. As players in parallel submit bets by calling the method submitBet, the lotto object is defined as a monitor with submitBet as an entry method. When a player has submitted a bet, it has to wait for a week, represented by the method waitAweek:

```
lotto: obj Monitor
     bets: obj Set(Bet)
      winningBet: ref Bet
      deadline: var TimeOfDay
      clearBets: entry
        bets.clear
      submitBet(b: ref Bet): entry
         if ((b.timeIssued <= deadline
) and
            ( b.timeIssued >= (deadline - clock.oneWeek) :then
               bets.insert(b)
      findWinningBets
        noOfRandomWinners, noOfSameWinners: var
 Integer
        winningBet:= Bet(clock.now, "winning bet",
                          sevenRandomNumbers)
         -- check if any bet matches winningBet
        bets.scan
            if (current.numbers =
                winningBet.numbers) :then
               if (current.playerKind = "random") :then
                   noOfRandomWinners := noOfRandomWinners + 1
               :else
                   noOfSameWinners := noOfSameWinners + 1
               -- print noOfRandomWinners, noOfSameWinners
```

The experiment is represented by a BasicSystem object. It generates a number of Player objects, starts the lotto by setting the deadline, and then starts the generated Player objects. It then repeatedly waits a week before finding winning players, and then clear the bets and set a new deadline.

```
lottoExperiment: obj MonitorSystem
   -- all the classes, methods and objects introduced above, i.e
   -- Player, RandomNumbersPlayer, SameNumbersPlayer, Bet
   -- inTheMoodForPlaying, inTheMoodForPlayingSameNumbers
   -- sevenRandomNumbers, lotto
  maxNoOfPlayers: val 100000
   inx: var Integer
  players: obj Set(Player)
   cycle -- generate players
      if (inx < maxNoOfPlayers) :then</pre>
         inx := inx + 1
         players.insert(Player)
   -- starting lotto and the players:
   lotto.deadline := clock.now + clock.oneWeek
   -- deadline must be set before starting the players
  players.scan
```

current.start
cycle
 clock.waitAweek
 lotto.findWinningBets
 lotto.clearBets
 lotto.deadline := clock.now + clock.oneWeek

The whole experiment relies on the availability of a clock that can deliver the time now (represented by a value of type TimeOfDay).

Vi skal sikkert fjerne Date og TimeOfDay her da de er tidligere. Og her er så den berømte AnyTime

```
class Date(year, month, day: var integer): Value
   setDate(y, m, d: var integer):
      year := y
      month := m
      day := d
   asString -> s: var String:
      s := year + "." + month + "." + day
class TimeOfDay(th: var Time.Hours): Value
   - :
      in p: var TimeOfDay
      out r: var Time.Hours
      r.magnitude := th.magnitude - p.th
class AnyTime(d: var Date, td: var TimeOfDay(0 hours)): Value
   - :
      in p: var AnyTime(Date, TimeOfDay)
      out r: var Time.Hours
      r.magnitude := td.th.magnitude - p.td.th
clock: obj
      now -> var t: TimeOfDay:
         . . .
      oneWeek -> var h: Time.Hours:
         h := 7 * 24 hour
      waitAweek:
         . . .
```

+++ complete code: Er det BasicSystem eller MonitorSystem? Monitor bruges tidligere så vel MonitorSystem?

```
lottoExperiment: obj BasicSystem
   sevenRandomNumbers -> srn: ref Indexed(7, Integer):
      inx: var Integer
     srn := Array(7, Integer)
     next:
         n := random(1, 34)
         if srn.has(n) :then
           restart(next)
         :else
            srn.put(n):at[inx]
            inx := inx + 1
            if inx < 7 :then
               restart(next)
   inTheMoodForPlaying -> m: var Boolean:
      i: var Integer
      i := random(0,1)
     m := random(0,1) <> 0
```

```
inTheMoodForPlayingSameNumbers -> m: var Boolean:
      i: var Integer
      i := random(0,1)
     m := random(0,1) \iff 0
  class Bet(timeIssued: var TimeOfDay,
      playerKind: ref String, numbers: ref Indexed(7, Integer)
  class Player: Process
     kind: ref String
     myBet: ref Bet
      if inMoodForPlayingSameNumbers :then
         kind := "same"
      :else
        kind := "random"
     myBet :=
         Bet(clock.now, this(Player).kind,
             sevenRandomNumbers)
      cycle -- for each week
         if inMoodForPlaying :then
            if (kind = "random") :then
               myBet :=
                  Bet(clock.now, this(Player).kind,
                      sevenRandomNumbers)
            lotto.submitBet(myBet)
         clock.waitAweek
   lotto: obj Monitor
      bets: obj Set(Bet)
      winningBet: ref Bet
     deadline: var TimeOfDay
      clearBets: entry
        bets.clear
      submitBet(b: ref Bet): entry
         if ((b.timeIssued <= deadline
) and
            (b.timeIssued >= (deadline - clock.oneWeek) :then
               bets.insert(b)
      findWinningBets
         noOfRandomWinners, noOfSameWinners: var
 Integer
         winningBet:= Bet(clock.now, "winning bet",
                          sevenRandomNumbers)
         -- check if any bet matches winningBet
         bets.scan
            if (current.numbers =
                winningBet.numbers) :then
               if (current.kind = "random") :then
                   noOfRandomWinners := noOfRandomWinners + 1
               :else
                   noOfSameWinners := noOfSameWinners + 1
               -- print noOfRandomWinners, noOfSameWinners
  maxNoOfPlayers: val 100000
   inx: var Integer
  players: obj Set(Player)
  cycle -- generate players
      if (inx < maxNoOfPlayers) :then
         inx := inx + 1
         players.insert(Player)
   -- starting lotto and the players:
```

```
lotto.deadline := clock.now + clock.oneWeek
-- deadline must be set before starting the players
players.scan
    current.start
cycle
    clock.waitAweek
    lotto.findWinningBets
    lotto.clearBets
    lotto.deadline := clock.now + clock.oneWeek
```